

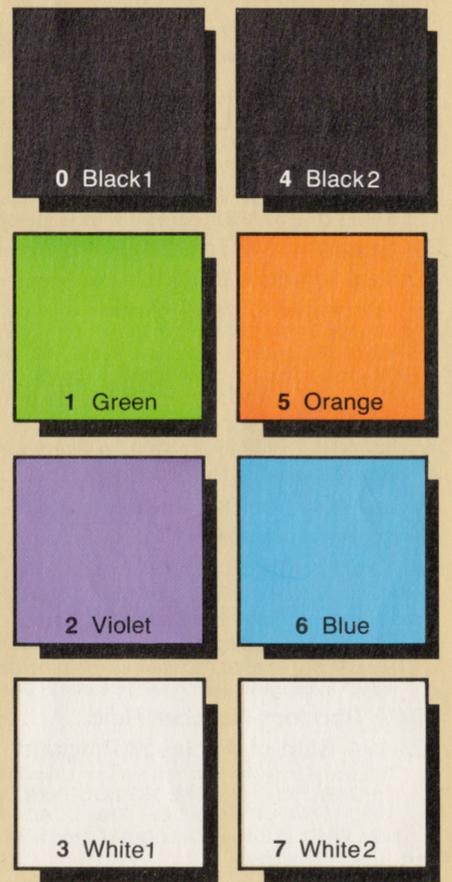
APPLE® COLORS

DOUBLE HI-RES* & LO-RES COLORS



(Colors may vary. Try adjusting your monitor.)

HI-RES COLORS



(Colors may vary. Try adjusting your monitor.)



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*16-color, 560x192 Double Hi-Res graphics may be created on 128K Apples with Mark Simonsen's **BEAGLE GRAPHICS™**, now available at your local Apple software store.

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ASCII VALUES

Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Mouse Characters
0 \$00	ctrl-@ 128 \$80	32 \$20	sp 160 \$A0	64 \$40	@ 192 \$C0	96 \$60	' 224 \$E0	@= Ⓜ
1 \$01	ctrl-A 129 \$81	33 \$21	! 161 \$A1	65 \$41	A 193 \$C1	97 \$61	a 225 \$E1	A= Ⓜ
2 \$02	ctrl-B 130 \$82	34 \$22	" 162 \$A2	66 \$42	B 194 \$C2	98 \$62	b 226 \$E2	B= Ⓜ
3 \$03	ctrl-C 131 \$83	35 \$23	# 163 \$A3	67 \$43	C 195 \$C3	99 \$63	c 227 \$E3	C= Ⓜ
4 \$04	ctrl-D 132 \$84	36 \$24	\$ 164 \$A4	68 \$44	D 196 \$C4	100 \$64	d 228 \$E4	D= Ⓜ
5 \$05	ctrl-E 133 \$85	37 \$25	% 165 \$A5	69 \$45	E 197 \$C5	101 \$65	e 229 \$E5	E= Ⓜ
6 \$06	ctrl-F 134 \$86	38 \$26	& 166 \$A6	70 \$46	F 198 \$C6	102 \$66	f 230 \$E6	F= Ⓜ
(Bell) 7 \$07	ctrl-G 135 \$87	39 \$27	' 167 \$A7	71 \$47	G 199 \$C7	103 \$67	g 231 \$E7	G= Ⓜ
(←) 8 \$08	ctrl-H 136 \$88	40 \$28	(168 \$A8	72 \$48	H 200 \$C8	104 \$68	h 232 \$E8	H= Ⓜ
(Tab) 9 \$09	ctrl-I 137 \$89	41 \$29) 169 \$A9	73 \$49	I 201 \$C9	105 \$69	i 233 \$E9	I= Ⓜ
(↓) 10 \$0A	ctrl-J 138 \$8A	42 \$2A	* 170 \$AA	74 \$4A	J 202 \$CA	106 \$6A	j 234 \$EA	J= Ⓜ
(↑) 11 \$0B	ctrl-K 139 \$8B	43 \$2B	+ 171 \$AB	75 \$4B	K 203 \$CB	107 \$6B	k 235 \$EB	K= Ⓜ
12 \$0C	ctrl-L 140 \$8C	44 \$2C	, 172 \$AC	76 \$4C	L 204 \$CC	108 \$6C	l 236 \$EC	L= Ⓜ
(Return) 13 \$0D	ctrl-M 141 \$8D	45 \$2D	- 173 \$AD	77 \$4D	M 205 \$CD	109 \$6D	m 237 \$ED	M= Ⓜ
14 \$0E	ctrl-N 142 \$8E	46 \$2E	. 174 \$AE	78 \$4E	N 206 \$CE	110 \$6E	n 238 \$EE	N= Ⓜ
15 \$0F	ctrl-O 143 \$8F	47 \$2F	/ 175 \$AF	79 \$4F	O 207 \$CF	111 \$6F	o 239 \$EF	O= Ⓜ
16 \$10	ctrl-P 144 \$90	48 \$30	0 176 \$B0	80 \$50	P 208 \$D0	112 \$70	p 240 \$F0	P= Ⓜ
17 \$11	ctrl-Q 145 \$91	49 \$31	1 177 \$B1	81 \$51	Q 209 \$D1	113 \$71	q 241 \$F1	Q= Ⓜ
18 \$12	ctrl-R 146 \$92	50 \$32	2 178 \$B2	82 \$52	R 210 \$D2	114 \$72	r 242 \$F2	R= Ⓜ
19 \$13	ctrl-S 147 \$93	51 \$33	3 179 \$B3	83 \$53	S 211 \$D3	115 \$73	s 243 \$F3	S= Ⓜ
20 \$14	ctrl-T 148 \$94	52 \$34	4 180 \$B4	84 \$54	T 212 \$D4	116 \$74	t 244 \$F4	T= Ⓜ
(→) 21 \$15	ctrl-U 149 \$95	53 \$35	5 181 \$B5	85 \$55	U 213 \$D5	117 \$75	u 245 \$F5	U= Ⓜ
22 \$16	ctrl-V 150 \$96	54 \$36	6 182 \$B6	86 \$56	V 214 \$D6	118 \$76	v 246 \$F6	V= Ⓜ
23 \$17	ctrl-W 151 \$97	55 \$37	7 183 \$B7	87 \$57	W 215 \$D7	119 \$77	w 247 \$F7	W= Ⓜ
24 \$18	ctrl-X 152 \$98	56 \$38	8 184 \$B8	88 \$58	X 216 \$D8	120 \$78	x 248 \$F8	X= Ⓜ
25 \$19	ctrl-Y 153 \$99	57 \$39	9 185 \$B9	89 \$59	Y 217 \$D9	121 \$79	y 249 \$F9	Y= Ⓜ
26 \$1A	ctrl-Z 154 \$9A	58 \$3A	: 186 \$BA	90 \$5A	Z 218 \$DA	122 \$7A	z 250 \$FA	Z= Ⓜ
(Esc) 27 \$1B	ctrl-[155 \$9B	59 \$3B	; 187 \$BB	91 \$5B	[219 \$DB	123 \$7B	{ 251 \$FB	[= Ⓜ
28 \$1C	ctrl-\ 156 \$9C	60 \$3C	< 188 \$BC	92 \$5C	\ 220 \$DC	124 \$7C	252 \$FC	\= Ⓜ
29 \$1D	ctrl-] 157 \$9D	61 \$3D	= 189 \$BD	93 \$5D] 221 \$DD	125 \$7D	} 253 \$FD] = Ⓜ
30 \$1E	ctrl-^ 158 \$9E	62 \$3E	> 190 \$BE	94 \$5E	^ 222 \$DE	126 \$7E	~ 254 \$FE	^ = Ⓜ
31 \$1F	ctrl-_ 159 \$9F	63 \$3F	? 191 \$BF	95 \$5F	_ 223 \$DF	127 \$7F	□ 255 \$FF	_ = Ⓜ

(Delete)

Main Memory Map

65535	\$FFFF
61440	\$F000
57344	ROM \$E000
53248	\$D000
49152	\$C000
45056	DOS \$B000
40960	\$A000
38400	\$9600
36864	HIMEM \$9000
32768	\$8000
28672	\$7000
24576	\$6000
20480	HI-RES PAGE 2 \$5000
16384	\$4000
12288	HI-RES PAGE 1 \$3000
8192	\$2000
4096	\$1000
3072	TEXT PAGE 2 \$0C00
2048	TEXT PAGE 1 \$0800
1024	\$0400
0	\$0000

(Light area designates memory normally available to Applesoft programs.)

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Beagle Bros publishes useful and entertaining Utilities, Games and Books for all versions of Apple II® Computers.

Peeks, Pokes and Pointers

Apple® Zero-Page

DECIMAL	HEX
32	Text Window Left-Edge (0-39 / normal is 0) \$20 Example: POKE 32, X freezes the left X columns of text. Warning: Don't let PEEK(32)+PEEK(33) exceed the screen width.
33	Text Window Width (1-40 or 1-80 / normal is 40 or 80) \$21 Note: POKE 33,33 scrunches listings to remove extra spaces.
34	Text Window Top-Edge (0-23 / normal is 0) \$22
35	Text Window Bottom (1-24 / normal is 24) \$23
36	Horizontal Cursor-Position (0-39) \$24 Examples: If PEEK(36)=X, then the cursor is in column X+1. POKE 36,X puts the cursor in column X+1 (useful with 80-columns, for positioning the cursor beyond the 40-column limit of HTAB). Note: POKE 1403,X works similarly—and more predictably.
37	Vertical Cursor-Position (0-23) \$25 Examples: If PEEK(37)=Y, then the cursor is on text line Y+1.
43	Boot Slot *16 (after boot) \$2B
44	Lo-Res Line End-Point \$2C
48	Lo-Res COLOR *17 \$30
50	Text Output Format \$32 POKE 50, 63=INVERSE, POKE 50, 255=NORMAL, POKE 50, 127=FLASH (for ASCII 64-95).
51	Prompt-Character \$33 Note: POKE 51,0: GOTO line# will prevent a false "Not Direct Command" message caused by an immediate GOTO line# command.
78-79	Random-Number Field \$4E.4F
103-104	Start of Applesoft Program \$67.68 To Load a program at a non-standard location LOC— POKE LOC-1, 0: POKE 103, LOC-INT(LOC/256)*256: POKE 104, INT(LOC/256) Then LOAD PROGRAM Note: FP (DOS 3.3 only) sets start-of-program to normal 2049 (\$801).
105-106	LOMEM \$69.6A Note: LOMEM is the Start of Variable-Space, equivalent to End-of-Program (approx.) unless changed with the LOMEM: command.
107-108	Start of Array-Space \$6B.6C
109-110	End of Array-Space \$6D.6E
111-112	Start of String-Storage \$6F.70
115-116	HIMEM \$73.74 Note: HIMEM-1 is the highest address available for use by an Applesoft program. May be changed with the HIMEM: command.
117-118	Line-Number Being Executed \$75.76
119-120	Line-No. Where Program Stopped \$77.78
121-122	Address of Line Executing \$79.7A
123-124	Current DATA Line-Number \$7B.7C
125-126	Next DATA Address \$7D.7E
127-128	INPUT or DATA Address \$7F.80
129-130	Last-Used Variable Name \$81.82
131-132	Last-Used-Variable Address \$83.84
175-176	End of Applesoft Program \$AF.B0
214	RUN Flag \$D6 Example: POKE 214, 255 makes any command RUN a program.
216	ONERR Flag \$D8 Example: POKE 216, 0 cancels the ONERR function.
218-219	Line-Number of ONERR Error \$DA.DB
220-221	ONERR Error Address \$DC.DD
222	ONERR Error Code \$DE

DOS 3.3 and PRODOS

- 1: Language Not Available¹
- 2 or 3: Range Error
- 3: No Device Connected²
- 4: Write-Protected
- 5: End of Data
- 6: File¹ or Path² Not Found
- 7: Volume Mismatch¹
- 8: I/O Error
- 9: Disk Full
- 10: File Locked
- 11: Syntax Error¹ or Invalid Option²
- 12: No Buffers Available
- 13: File Type Mismatch
- 14: Program Too Large
- 15: Not Direct Command
- 17: Directory Full²
- 18: File Not Open²
- 19: Duplicate File Name²
- 20: File Busy²
- 21: File(s) Still Open²

APPLESOFT

- 0: ?Next Without For
- 16: ?Syntax Error (FP)
- 22: ?Return Without Gosub
- 42: ?Out of Data
- 53: ?Illegal Quantity
- 69: ?Overflow
- 77: ?Out of Memory
- 90: ?Undef'd Statement
- 107: ?Bad Subscript
- 120: ?Redim'd Array
- 133: ?Division by Zero
- 163: ?Type Mismatch
- 176: ?String Too Long
- 191: ?Formula Too Complex
- 224: ?Undef'd Function
- 254: ?Re-Enter
- 255: (control-C Interrupt)

- ¹DOS 3.3 only
- ²ProDOS only

Display Switches

DECIMAL (with negative equivalent)	HEX
49232 (-16304)	Graphics \$C050
49233 (-16303)	Text \$C051
49234 (-16302)	Full-Graphics \$C052
49235 (-16301)	Split-Screen \$C053
49236 (-16300)	Page One \$C054
49237 (-16299)	Page Two \$C055
49238 (-16298)	Lo-Res \$C056
49239 (-16297)	Hi-Res \$C057

Note: Activate display switches by Poking each location.
Example: POKE 49232,0 switches to Graphics display.

Keyboard, etc.

DECIMAL (with negative equivalent)	HEX
49152 (-16384)	Read Keyboard . . . \$C000
49168 (-16368)	Clear Keyboard . . \$C010 Example: 10 KEY=PEEK(49152): IF KEY<128 THEN 10 20 POKE 49168, 0 30 PRINT "KEY: "; CHR\$(KEY-128)
49200 (-16336)	Click Speaker . . . \$C030 Example: FOR A=1 TO 99: BUZZ=PEEK(49200): NEXT
49249 (-16287)	Button #0 \$C061 Paddle-0 Button or Open (left) Apple key.*
49250 (-16286)	Button #1 \$C062 Paddle-1 Button or Closed (right) Apple key.*
49251 (-16285)	Button #2 \$C063 *Example: If PEEK(49249+P) is greater than 127, then Paddle Button #P is being pressed—or it's not connected.

DOS 3.3 Pokes

(assume DOS loaded in main memory)

- POKE 40193, PEEK(40193)-N: CALL 42964
Moves DOS buffers down N*256 bytes.
- POKE 44452,N+1: POKE 44605,N
Allows N file names before catalog pause.
- POKE 44460,88: POKE 44461,252
Clears screen before catalog.
- POKE 44505,234: POKE 44506,234
Exposes deleted file names in catalog.
- POKE 44596, 234: POKE 44597, 234: POKE 44598, 234
Cancels catalog pause.
- POKE 49107,234: POKE 49108,234: POKE 49109, 234
Prevents language card reload.
- POKE 49384,0
Stops drive motor.
- POKE 49385,0
Starts drive motor.

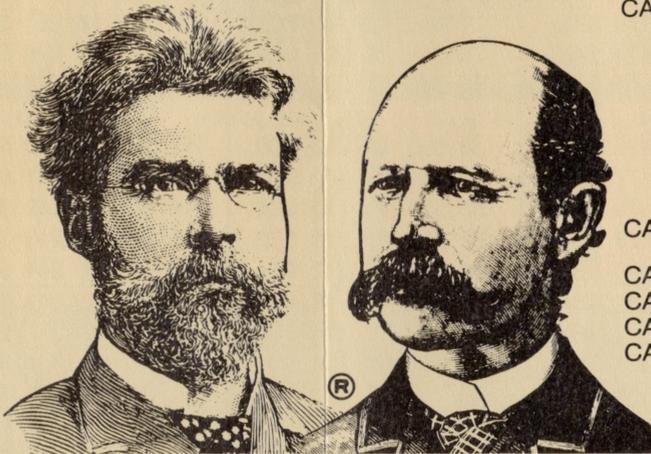
Notes

Apple's main memory consists of 65,536 bytes, numbered zero to 65535. Every byte has a value in the range 0-255.

- You may Peek (look at) the value in byte number-B with the command—PRINT PEEK(B)
- You can usually Poke a new value-V into byte-B with the command—POKE B,V
Values higher than 255 must be stored in two bytes:
- To look at the value in consecutive bytes B1-B2—PRINT PEEK(B1)+PEEK(B2)*256
- To Poke a new value V (0-65535) into bytes B1-B2—POKE B1, V-INT(V/256)*256 and POKE B2, INT(V/256)

Note: Since almost any memory location can be Peeked or Poked, program listings can reveal thousands of Peeks and Pokes not listed on this chart. Pokes are often used to write machine-language routines that may be activated with the CALL command—the possibilities are infinite.

Let A=PEEK(64435) and B=PEEK(64448).
If A=6 and B=0 then Apple IIc.
If A=6 and (B>223 AND B<240) then Apple IIe.
If A<>6 then Apple II or II+.



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Page-3 DOS Vectors

DECIMAL	HEX
976-978	Re-enter-DOS Vector \$3D0.3D2
1010-1012	Reset Vector \$3F2.3F4 Example: POKE 1012, 0 makes Reset boot. (POKE 1012,56 to restore normal Reset function.)
1013-1015	Ampersand Vector \$3F5.3F7 Examples: POKE 1014, 165: POKE 1015, 214 makes "&" LIST. POKE 1014, 110: POKE 1015, 165 makes "&" CATALOG. POKE 1014, 18: POKE 1015, 217 makes "&" RUN.
1016-1018	Control-Y Vector \$3F8.3FA

DOS 3.3 Locations

DECIMAL	HEX
(All values assume DOS is loaded in main memory.)	
42350	Catalog-Routine \$A56E Example: CALL 42350 catalogs a disk.
40514	Greeting Program Run-Flag \$9E42 POKE 40514,52 and INIT a disk. When booted, DOS will attempt to BRUN the greeting program. POKE 40514,20 for EXEC.
43140-43271	Commands \$A884.A907
43378-43582	Error Messages \$A972.AA3E
43616-43617	Last Blood Length \$AA60.AA61
43634-43635	Last Blood Start \$AA72.AA73
43624	Drive-Number \$AA68 Example: POKE 43624, D changes disk input/output to Drive D.
43626	Slot-Number \$AA6A Example: POKE 43626, S changes disk input/output to Slot S.
43698	Control-D Command Character \$AAB2
44033	Catalog Track Number \$AC01
45991-45998	File-Type Codes \$B3A7.B3AE
45999-46010	Disk Volume Heading \$B3AF.B3BA
46017	Disk Volume Number \$B3C1

ProDOS™ Locations

DECIMAL	HEX
48944	Slot/Drive Value \$BF30 If PEEK(48944) is greater than 127 then Drive 2, otherwise Drive 1.
47313-47422	Commands \$B8D1.B93E
48840-48841	Last Blood Length \$BEC8.BEC9
48825-48826	Last Blood Start \$BEB9.BEBA

Useful Calls

DECIMAL (add 65536 for positive equivalent)	HEX
CALL-25153	Reconnect DOS 3.3 \$9DBF
CALL-3100	Reveal hi-res page 1 \$F3E4
CALL-3086	Clear hi-res screen to black \$F3F2
CALL-3082	Clear hi-res to last color Hplotted . . . \$F3F6 Example: HGR2: HCOLOR=5: HPLLOT 0,0: CALL-3082
CALL-2613	Hi-res coordinates to Zero-Page \$F5CB Example: The X and Y starting coordinates of the next shape table DRAW or XDRAW may be determined with a CALL-2613. Then X=PEEK(224)+PEEK(225)*256 and Y=PEEK(226).
CALL-1438	Pseudo-Reset \$FA62
CALL-1370	Boot \$FAA6
CALL-1321	Display all registers \$FAD7
CALL-1184	Clear screen and print "Apple . . ." . . \$FB60
CALL-1036	Move cursor right \$FBF4
CALL-1008	Move cursor left \$FC10
CALL-998	Move cursor up \$FC1A
CALL-958	Clear text from cursor to bottom \$FC42
CALL-922	Move cursor down \$FC66
CALL-868	Clear text-line from cursor to right . . . \$FC9C
CALL-756	Wait for any keypress \$FD0C
CALL-678	Wait for a Return keypress \$FD5A
CALL-657	Better Input; commas/colons o.k. . . . \$FD6F 10 PRINT "NAME (LAST, FIRST) "; : CALL -657 20 AS="" : FOR X=512 TO 767: IF PEEK(X)<>141 THEN AS=AS+CHR\$(PEEK(X)-128): NEXT X
CALL-468	Memory move \$FE2C A Basic memory move: OS & OE are the Old-location Start & End, and NS is the New Start. GOSUB 5000 to execute the move— 5000 N=OS: LOC=60: GOSUB 5020: N=OE: LOC=62: GOSUB 5020: N=NS: LOC=66: GOSUB 5020 5010 POKE 768, 160: POKE 769, 0: POKE 770, 76: POKE 771, 44: POKE 772, 254: CALL 768: RETURN 5020 POKE LOC, N-INT(N/256)*256: POKE LOC+1, INT(N/256): RETURN
CALL-415	Disassembler \$FE61 Note: Poke start address at locations 58-59 before Call.
CALL-211	Ring bell and print "ERR" \$FF2D
CALL-198	Ring bell \$FF3A
CALL-151	Enter monitor \$FF69
CALL-144	Scan input buffer \$FF70 This example uses CALL -144 to execute a machine language routine from Basic (will not work in a subroutine): 100 AS="" : A9 C1 20 ED FD 18 69 01 C9 DB D0 F6 60 300G D823G" 110 FOR X=1 TO LEN(AS): POKE 511+X, ASC(MID\$(AS,X,1))+128: NEXT 120 POKE 72, 0: CALL -144

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